SHRI VENKATESHWARA UNIVERSITY



Syllabus B.TECH (Computer Science & Engineering) IV SEMSETER (Four Years Degree Programme) Batch 2019-23 (w.e.f. 2019-20)

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

| Computer Science & Engineering SEMESTER- IV | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---------|---|-------------------|----|----|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-----|---|
| SI | Subject Codes | Subject | Periods | | Evaluation Scheme | | | End Semester | | Tota | Credit | | |
| N 0. | | | L | T | Р | СТ | TA | Tota l | P S | TE | P E | 1 | |
| 1 | SCS- 401 | Computer Organization & Architecture | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 | | 70 | | 100 | 3 |
| 2 | SCS-402 | Operating Systems | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 | | 70 | | 100 | 3 |
| 3 | SCS-403 | Design & Analysis of Algorithms | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 | | 70 | | 100 | 3 |
| 4 | SCS- 404 | Discrete Mathematics | 3 | 1 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 | | 70 | | 100 | 4 |
| 5 | HMC-402 | Organizational Behaviour | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 | | 70 | | 100 | 3 |
| 6 | SCS- 411 | Computer Organization & Architecture Lab | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | | 25 | | 25 | 50 | 2 |
| 7 | SCS-412 | Operating Systems Lab | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | | 25 | | 25 | 50 | 2 |
| 8 | SCS-413 | Design & Analysis of Algorithms Lab | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | | 25 | | 25 | 50 | 2 |
| 9 | SNM-101 | Environmental Sciences | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 10 | 30 | | 70 | | | 0 |
| | Environmental Science-Noncredit Mandatory courses65022 | | | | | 22 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| SCS- 401 | Computer &Architecture | Organization | 3L:0T:0P | 3 Credits |
|----------|---------------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | |

Objectives of the course:

To expose the students to the following:

- 1. How Computer Systems work & the basic principles
- 2. Instruction Level Architecture and Instruction Execution
- 3. The current state of art in memory system design
- 4. How I/O devices are accessed and its principles.
- 5. To provide the knowledge on Instruction Level Parallelism
- 6. To impart the knowledge on micro programming
- 7. Concepts of advanced pipelining techniques.

Module 1:

Functional blocks of a computer: CPU, memory, input-output subsystems, control unit. Instruction set architecture of a CPU–registers, instruction execution cycle, RTL interpretation of instructions, addressing modes, instruction set. Case study – instruction sets of some common CPUs.

Data representation: signed number representation, fixed and floating point representations, character representation. Computer arithmetic – integer addition and subtraction, ripple carry adder, carry look-ahead adder, etc. multiplication shift-andadd, Booth multiplier, carry save multiplier, etc. Division restoring and non-restoring techniques, floating point arithmetic.

Module 2:

Introduction to x86 architecture.

CPU control unit design: hardwired and micro-programmed design approaches, Case study – design of a simple hypothetical CPU.

Memory system design: semiconductor memory technologies, memory organization. **Peripheral devices and their characteristics**: Input-output subsystems, I/O device interface, I/O transfers–program controlled, interrupt driven and DMA, privileged and non-privileged instructions, software interrupts and exceptions. Programs and processes–role of interrupts in process state transitions, I/O device interfaces – SCII, USB

Module 3:

Pipelining: Basic concepts of pipelining, throughput and speedup, pipeline hazards. **Parallel Processors**: Introduction to parallel processors, Concurrent access to memory and cache coherency.

Module 4:

Memory organization: Memory iOnterleaving, concept of hierarchical memory organization, cache memory, cache size vs. block size, mapping functions, replacement algorithms, write policies.

Suggested books:

1. "Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface", 5th Edition by David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Elsevier.

2. "Computer Organization and Embedded Systems", 6th Edition by CarlHamacher, McGraw Hill Higher Education.

Suggested reference books:

- 1. "Computer Architecture and Organization", 3rd Edition by John P. Hayes, WCB/McGraw-Hill
- 2. "Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance", 10th Edition by William Stallings, Pearson Education.
- 3. "Computer System Design and Architecture", 2nd Edition by Vincent P. Heuring and Harry F. Jordan, Pearson Education.

Objectives of the course

- Analyze the asymptotic performance of algorithms.
- Write rigorous correctness proofs for algorithms.
- Demonstrate a familiarity with major algorithms and data structures.
- Apply important algorithmic design paradigms and methods of analysis.
- Synthesize efficient algorithms in common engineering design situations.

Module 1:

Introduction: Characteristics of algorithm. Analysis of algorithm: Asymptotic analysis of complexity bounds – best, average and worst-case behavior; Performance measurements of Algorithm, Time and space trade-offs, Analysis of recursive algorithms through recurrence relations: Substitution method, Recursion tree method and Masters' theorem.

Module 2:

Fundamental Algorithmic Strategies: Brute-Force, Greedy, Dynamic Programming, Branchand-Bound and Backtracking methodologies for the design of algorithms; Illustrations of these techniques for Problem-Solving, Bin Packing, Knap Sack TSP. Heuristics – characteristics and their applicationdomains.

Module 3:

Graph and Tree Algorithms: Traversal algorithms: Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS); Shortest path algorithms, Transitive closure, Minimum Spanning Tree, Topological sorting, Network Flow Algorithm.

Module 4:

Tractable and Intractable Problems: Computability of Algorithms, Computability classes – P, NP, NP-complete and NP-hard. Cook's theorem, Standard NP-complete problems and Reduction techniques.

Module 5:

Advanced Topics: Approximation algorithms, Randomized algorithms, Class of problems beyond NP – P SPACE

Suggested books:

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, 4TH Edition, Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Lieserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, MIT Press/McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Fundamentals of Algorithms E. Horowitz et al.

Suggested reference books

- 1. Algorithm Design, 1ST Edition, Jon Kleinberg and ÉvaTardos, Pearson.
- 2. Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis, and Internet Examples, Second Edition, Michael T Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Wiley.
- 3. Algorithms—A Creative Approach, 3RD Edition, UdiManber, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

| SCS-404 | Discrete Mathematics | 3L:1T:0P | 4 Credits |
|---------|----------------------|----------|-----------|
| | | | |

Objectives of the course

Throughout the course, students will be expected to demonstrate their understanding of Discrete Mathematics by being able to do each of the following:

- 1. Use mathematically correct terminology and notation.
- 2. Construct correct direct and indirect proofs.
- 3. Use division into cases in a proof.
- 4. Use counterexamples.
- 5. Apply logical reasoning to solve a variety of problems.

Module 1:

Sets, Relation and Function: Operations and Laws of Sets, Cartesian Products, Binary Relation, Partial Ordering Relation, Equivalence Relation, Image of a Set, Sum and Product of Functions, Bijective functions, Inverse and Composite Function, Size of a Set, Finite and infinite Sets, Countable and uncountable Sets, Cantor's diagonal argument and The Power Set theorem, Schroeder-Bernstein theorem.

Principles of Mathematical Induction: The Well-Ordering Principle, Recursive definition, The Division algorithm: Prime Numbers, The Greatest Common Divisor: Euclidean Algorithm, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic.

Module 2:

Basic counting techniques-inclusion and exclusion, pigeon-hole principle, permutation and combination.

Module 3:

Propositional Logic: Syntax, Semantics, Validity and Satisfiability, Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logical Equivalence: The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication, Rules of Inference, The use of Quantifiers. **Proof Techniques:** Some Terminology, Proof Methods and Strategies, Forward Proof, Proof by Contradiction, Proof by Contraposition, Proof of Necessity and Sufficiency.

Module 4:

Algebraic Structures and Morphism: Algebraic Structures with one Binary Operation, Semi Groups, Monoids, Groups, Congruence Relation and Quotient Structures, Free and Cyclic Monoids and Groups, Permutation Groups, Substructures, Normal Subgroups, Algebraic Structures with two Binary Operation, Rings, Integral Domain and Fields. Boolean Algebra and Boolean Ring, Identities of Boolean Algebra, Duality, Representation of Boolean Function, Disjunctive and Conjunctive Normal Form.

Module 5:

Graphs and Trees: Graphs and their properties, Degree, Connectivity, Path, Cycle, Sub Graph, Isomorphism, Eulerian and Hamiltonian Walks, Graph Colouring, Colouring maps and Planar Graphs, Colouring Vertices, Colouring Edges, List Colouring, Perfect Graph, definition properties and Example, rooted trees, trees and sorting, weighted trees and prefix codes, Bi-connected component and Articulation Points, Shortest distances.

Suggested books:

- 1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Susanna S. Epp, Discrete Mathematics with Applications,4th edition, Wadsworth Publishing Co. Inc.
- 3. C L Liu and D P Mohapatra, Elements of Discrete Mathematics A Computer Oriented Approach, 3rd Edition by, Tata McGraw Hill.

Suggested reference books:

- 1. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structure and It's Application to Computer Science", TMG Edition, TataMcgraw-Hill
- 2. Norman L. Biggs, Discrete Mathematics, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press. Schaum's Outlines Series, Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lipson,
- 3. Discrete Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill

HMC-402 ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR 3L:0T: 0P 3 Credits

Module-1

OB: Learning objectives, Definition & Meaning, Why to study OB, An OB model, New challenges for OB Manager LEARNING: Nature of learning, How learning occurs, Learning & OB Case Study Analysis

Module-2

PERSONALITY: Meaning & Definition, Determinants of Personality, Personality Traits, Personality & OB PERCEPTION: Meaning & Definition, Perceptual process, Importance of Perception in OB MOTIVATION: Nature & Importance, Herzberg's Two Factor theory, Maslow's Need Hierarchy theory, Alderfer's ERG theory Case Study Analysis

Module-3

COMMUNICATION: Importance, Types, Barriers to communication, Communication as a tool for improving Interpersonal Effectiveness GROUPS IN ORGANISATION: Nature, Types, Why do people join groups, Group Cohesiveness & Group Decision Makingmanagerial Implications, Effective Team Building LEADERSHIP: Leadership & management, Theories of leadership- Trait theory, Behavioral Theory, Contingency Theory, Leadership & Followership, How to be an Effective Leader CONFLICT: Nature of Conflict & Conflict Resolution TRANSACTIONAL ANALYSIS: An Introduction to Transactional Analysis Case Study Analysis

Module-4

ORGANISATIONAL CULTURE: Meaning & Definition, Culture & Organizational Effectiveness HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT: Introduction to HRM, Selection, Orientation, Training & Development, Performance Appraisal, Incentives ORGANISATIONAL CHANGE: Importance of Change, Planned Change & OB Techniques INTERNATIONAL OB: An Introduction to Individual & Interpersonal Behavior in Global Perspectives Case Study Analysis

Suggested books:

 Stephen P. Robins, Organisational Behavior, PHI Learning / Pearson Education, 11th edition, 2008

REFERENCES

1. Schermerhorn, Hunt and Osborn, Organisational behavior, John Wiley, 9th Edition, 2008.

2. Udai Pareek, Understanding Organisational Behaviour, 2nd Edition, Oxford Higher Education, 2004.

Mc Shane & Von Glinov, Organisational Behaviour, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2007.

| SCS-402 O | Dperating Systems | 3L:0T:0P | 3 Credits |
|-----------|-------------------|----------|-----------|
|-----------|-------------------|----------|-----------|

Objectives of the course

To learn the fundamentals of Operating Systems.

- 1. To learn the mechanisms of OS to handle processes and threads and their communication
- 2. To learn the mechanisms involved in memory management in contemporary OS
- 3. To gain knowledge on distributed operating system concepts that includes architecture, Mutual exclusion algorithms, deadlock detection algorithms and agreement protocols
- 4. To know the components and management aspects of concurrency management
- 5. To learn to implement simple OS mechanisms

Module 1:

Introduction: Concept of Operating Systems, Generations of Operating systems, Types of Operating Systems, OS Services, System Calls, Structure of an OS-Layered, Monolithic, Microkernel Operating Systems, Concept of Virtual Machine. Case study on UNIX and WINDOWS Operating System.

Module 2:

Processes: Definition, Process Relationship, Different states of a Process, Process State transitions, Process Control Block (PCB), Context switching

Thread: Definition, Various states, Benefits of threads, Types of threads, Concept of multithreads,

Process Scheduling: Foundation and Scheduling objectives, Types of Schedulers, Scheduling criteria: CPU utilization, Throughput, Turnaround Time, Waiting Time, Response Time; Scheduling algorithms: Pre-emptive and Non pre-emptive, FCFS, SJF, RR; Multiprocessor scheduling: Real Time scheduling: RM and EDF.

Module 3:

Inter-process Communication: Critical Section, Race Conditions, Mutual Exclusion, Hardware Solution, Strict Alternation, Peterson's Solution, The Producer\ Consumer Problem, Semaphores, Event Counters, Monitors, Message Passing, Classical IPC Problems: Reader's & Writer Problem, Dinning Philosopher Problem etc.

Module 4:

Deadlocks: Definition, Necessary and sufficient conditions for Deadlock, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance: Banker's algorithm, Deadlock detection and Recovery.

Module 5:

Memory Management: Basic concept, Logical and Physical address map, Memory allocation: Contiguous Memory allocation – Fixed and variable partition–Internal and External fragmentation and Compaction; Paging: Principle of operation – Page allocation – Hardware support for paging, Protection and sharing, Disadvantages of paging.

Virtual Memory: Basics of Virtual Memory – Hardware and control structures – Locality of reference, Page fault, Working Set, Dirty page/Dirty bit – Demand paging, Page Replacement algorithms: Optimal, First in First Out (FIFO), Second Chance (SC), Not recently used (NRU) and Least Recently used (LRU).

Module 6:

I/O Hardware: I/O devices, Device controllers, Direct memory access Principles of I/O Software: Goals of Interrupt handlers, Device drivers, Device independent I/O software, Secondary-Storage Structure: Disk structure, Disk scheduling algorithms

File Management: Concept of File, Access methods, File types, File operation, Directory structure, File System structure, Allocation methods (contiguous, linked, indexed), Free-space management (bit vector, linked list, grouping), directory implementation (linear list, hash table), efficiency and performance.

Disk Management: Disk structure, Disk scheduling - FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, C-SCAN, Disk reliability, Disk formatting, Boot-block, Bad blocks

Suggested books:

- 1. Operating System Concepts Essentials, 9th Edition by AviSilberschatz, Peter Galvin, Greg Gagne, Wiley Asia Student Edition.
- 2. Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 5th Edition, William Stallings, Prentice Hall of India.

Suggested reference books:

- 1. Operating System: A Design-oriented Approach, 1st Edition by Charles Crowley, Irwin Publishing
- 2. Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition by Gary J. Nutt, Addison-Wesley
- Design of the Unix Operating Systems, 8th Edition by Maurice Bach, Prentice-Hall of India
- 4. Understanding the Linux Kernel, 3rd Edition, Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, O'Reilly and Associates

| Course Code | : | SNM-101 |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Course Title | : | Environmental science |
| Number of Credits | : | 0 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0) |
| Prerequisites | | NIL |
| Course Category | : | PC |

Environment Science (Mandatory non-credit course)

We as human being are not an entity separate from the environment around us rather we are a constituent seamlessly integrated and co-exist with the environment around us. We are not an entity so separate from the environment that we can think of mastering and controlling it rather we must understand that each and every action of ours reflects on the environment and vice versa. Ancient wisdom drawn from Vedas about environment and its sustenance reflects these ethos. There is a direct application of this wisdom even in modern times. Idea of an activity based course on environment protection is to sensitize the students on the above issues through following two type of activities.

(a) Awareness Activities:

- i) Small group meetings about water management, promotion of recycle use, generation of less waste, avoiding electricity waste
- ii) Slogan making event
- iii) Poster making event
- iv) Cycle rally
- v) Lectures from experts

(b) Actual Activities:

i) Plantation

- ii) Gifting a tree to see its full growth
- iii) Cleanliness drive

- iv) Drive for segregation of waste
- v) To live some big environmentalist for a week or so to understand his work
- vi) To work in kitchen garden for mess
- vii) To know about the different varieties of plants
- viii) Shutting down the fans and ACs of the campus for an hour or so